

Aid Effectiveness Review

Ownership

Partners have operational development strategies – Number of countries with national development strategies (including PRSs) that have clear strategic priorities linked to a medium-term expenditure framework and reflected in annual budgets.

Paris Declaration Target for 2010 -- At least 75 percent of partner countries have operational development strategies

2005 Baseline – 9 percent

Preliminary results from the Aid Effectiveness Review show that as of end-2006:

- 9 percent of countries meet the target.
- 74 percent have taken significant action.
- 17 percent have made preliminary efforts.

Results

Results oriented frameworks – Number of countries with transparent and monitorable performance assessment frameworks to assess progress against national development strategies.

Paris Declaration Target for 2010 – Reduce the proportion of countries without transparent & monitorable performance assessment frameworks by one-third – to 32 percent

2005 Baseline – 4 percent (96 percent without such a framework)

Preliminary results from the Aid Effectiveness Review show that as of end-2006:

- 4 percent of countries meet the target.
- 59 percent have taken significant action.
- 37 percent have made preliminary efforts.

Aid Effectiveness Profiles

Albania	Kyrgyz Rep.
Afghanistan	Lao People's
Armenia	Democratic
Azerbaijan	Republic
Bangladesh	Lesotho
Benin	Liberia
Bhutan	Madagascar
Bolivia	Malawi
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Mali
Botswana	Mauritania
Burkina Faso	Moldova
Burundi	Mongolia
Cambodia	Mozambique
Cameroon	Nepal
Central African Rep.	Nicaragua
Cape Verde	Niger
Chad	Nigeria
Cote d'Ivoire	Pakistan
Democratic Republic of Congo	Philippines
Djibouti	Republic of
Dominica	Cote
Egypt	Rwanda
Ethiopia	Sao Tome
Georgia	and Principe
Ghana	Senegal
Grenada	Serbia
Guinea	Sierra Leone
Guinea-Bissau	South Africa
Haiti	Sri Lanka
Honduras	Sudan
Kenya	Tajikistan
	Tanzania
	The Gambia
	Timor-Leste
	Uganda
	Vietnam
	Yemen
	Zambia

"We reaffirm our commitment to strengthening partner countries' national development strategies and associated operational frameworks (including planning, budget and performance assessment frameworks)."

Paris Declaration on Aid Effectiveness

The Paris Declaration on Aid Effectiveness commits its signatories to take action to strengthen ownership, alignment, harmonization, results and mutual accountability. It includes a monitoring framework to assess progress toward fulfilling these commitments, based on 12 actionable indicators. For the alignment, harmonization and mutual accountability indicators, the assessment criteria and 2005 baseline for monitoring the Paris Declaration is being set through the OECD/DAC Survey on Monitoring the Paris Declaration on Aid Effectiveness, which was conducted in over 30 countries. The assessment criteria and baseline for the two indicators that assess ownership and results are based on analysis by the World Bank for the 2005 CDF Progress Report "Enabling Country Capacity to Achieve Results."

At the request of the Joint Venture on Monitoring the Paris Declaration, the World Bank is conducting an Aid Effectiveness Review, building on the methodology developed for CDF Progress Reports, to contribute to the monitoring of the Paris Declaration. In addition to monitoring the ownership and results indicators, it broadens the monitoring framework to treat more fully the Paris Declaration's 56 Partnership Commitments. Aid Effectiveness Profiles, that are the basis of the review, spell out actions underway toward meeting the Paris Declaration commitments in 65 countries (see list).

For more information:

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